

Tiger 320 Series PROGRAMMING CODE SHEET

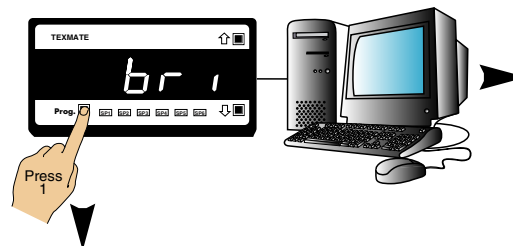
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Programming Tips

- 1) Use the **[P]** button to step through the codes of the **Main** or **Setpoint** Programming Mode.
- 2) To save a **Main** Programming Mode code setting and return directly to the operational display, press the **[P]** button and then the **[P]** and **[↑]** buttons at the same time.
- 3) To save a **Setpoint** Programming Mode setting and return directly to the operational display, press the **[P]** button and then the **[P]** and **[↓]** buttons at the same time.
- 4) When configuring the three-digit code and setpoint settings, pressing the **[↑]** and **[↓]** buttons at the same time increases the displayed parameter in increments of 100 counts.



Front panel programming

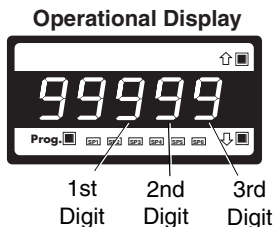
This programming code sheet (PCS) is a quick reference document that allows you to quickly view the meter's programming codes.

When you become familiar with the meter and the programming code structure, the PCS can be used in place of the user manual.



Note:
All displays shown in this code sheet are for a 5-digit, 7-segment LED display. Other Tiger 320 Series displays will be slightly different.

To configure the meter's programming codes from the front panel, the meter uses the three right-hand side display digits. These are known as the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits and can be seen in the diagram below.



The logic diagram on Page 4 shows the code structure of the Tiger 320 Series meter range. Also, the difference between the E and T version of the Tiger range is described. The diagrams on the following pages show the three-digit settings available for each code.

Programming via PC

Meter configuration utility program

With a serial output module installed, the meter can be fully configured through the **meter configuration utility program**. In addition to all application function settings, the configuration program also provides access to added features such as:

- Code blanking.
- Display text editing.
- Configuration data copying.
- Downloading macros to the meter.

Code blanking

Code blanking blanks out all function codes not required by the application. This means that specific procedures such as recalibration and setpoint reprogramming can be achieved in a few simple steps from the front panel buttons.

To turn code blanking and macro settings OFF, carry out the Code Blanking and Macro Check on Page 3.

Display text editing

This function allows displayed text, such as setpoint titles, to be edited to suit your applications.

For example, a setpoint could be edited to read [TNKLo] for tank level low, or [brKoF] for brake off.

Configuration data copying

This function allows the current meter configuration settings to be copied and saved for later referral or for restoration.

Macros

Texmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications. Macros can be installed in the meter, via the compiler or configuration program, and run automatically when the meter is powered up.

Tamper-proof settings

All Tiger 320 Series meters have tamper-proof lockout switches to prevent users' configuration settings from being inadvertently changed.

Code blanking is also used (via the PC) to blank out codes not used, making them operator tamper-proof, but leaving selected codes open for operator adjustment.



Note:
3-digit programming codes are specified within square brackets [XXX].

If an X appears in the description of a 3-digit programming code or in a configuration procedure, this means that more than one choice can be made, or any number displayed in that digit is not relevant to the function being explained.



Initial Setup Procedures

Before configuring the meter, carry out the following meter configuration checks:

- Model and software code version check.
- Code blanking and macro check.

After powering-up the meter, check the model and software code version number and note this below.

Model No:
Software Version No:
Customer ID:
Macro ID:

Model and Software Code Version Check

The meter model and software code version number can be checked at any time while in the operational display using the following procedure.



Programming Tip

The *Model and Software Code Version* checking procedure can be performed at any time without interfering with other configuration settings.

START HERE

MODEL & SOFTWARE CODE VERSION CHECK

Step 1

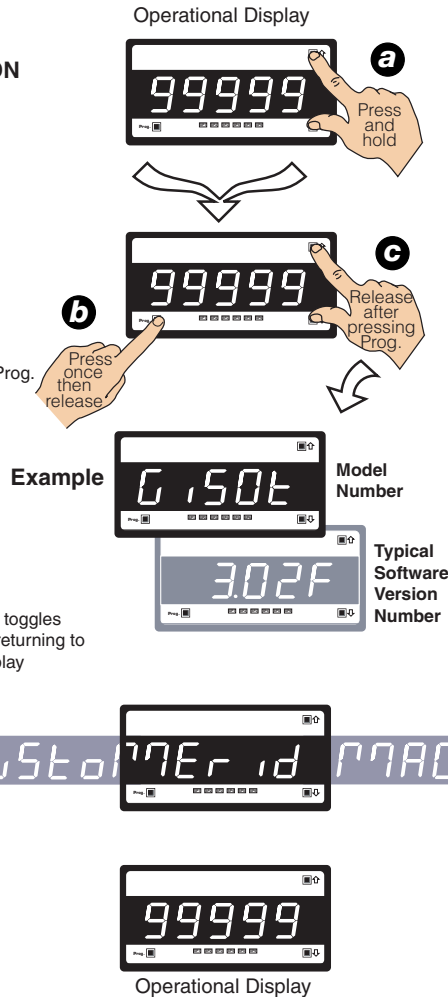
Press and hold the and buttons

Step 2

While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button then release all three buttons

Step 3

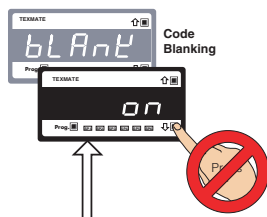
The above displays toggles three times before returning to the operational display



Code Blanking and Macro Check

Code Blanking

Tiger 320 Series controllers have the ability to hide (blank out) all or some programming codes to prevent tampering through the front panel. This function is known as code blanking and is ideal for preventing settings, such as calibration, being changed by the operator.



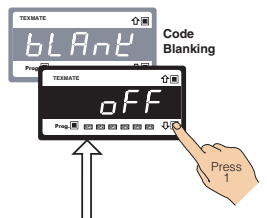
Configuration Utility Program

Code Blanking ON (Enabled)
Selected codes hidden (blanked out) so that the operator cannot access them thru the front panel

Code blanking always reverts to ON when the meter is powered up

The code blanking function can be either enabled (set to ON) or disabled (set to OFF) through the front panel. Changing which codes are visible, and therefore accessible to the operator, can only be done through the Configuration Utility program.

During power-up, the code blanking function always reverts to ON (enabled). This means that when the meter is switched ON all codes are visible except those that have been blanked out during meter configuration.



Configuration Utility Program

Code Blanking OFF (Disabled)
All codes are now visible and accessible to the operator thru the front panel

Code blanking can be set to OFF (disabled) by the operator by following the Code Blanking and Macro Check procedure opposite. Setting code blanking to OFF means that all codes are visible to the operator and can be tampered with.

Macros

A macro is a set of commands that run automatically when the controller is powered up. Macros can be installed in the controller at the factory during initial programming or by the customer at some later date. Macros are written and compiled using the Tiger Development System (TDS) compiler program and loaded into the controller using either the TDS or the configuration program.

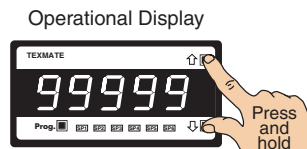
Turning the macro OFF means that the controller will not perform the automatic commands pre-programmed to run with the macro. Unless otherwise requested, Texmate program the controller in the code blanking and macro ON (enabled) setting. Texmate has a growing library of macros to suit a wide range of standard customer applications.

CODE BLANKING & MACRO CHECK PROCEDURE

START HERE

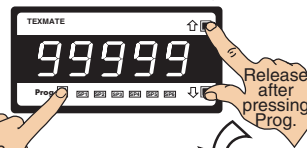
Step 1

Press and hold the and buttons



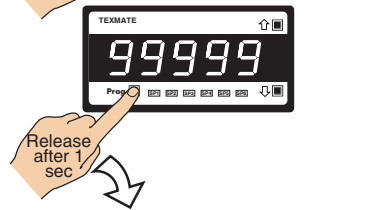
Step 2

While holding both buttons, press the Prog. button.



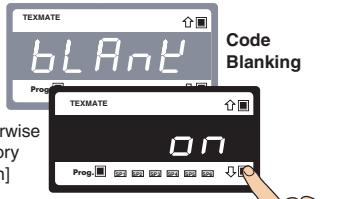
Step 3

Release the the and buttons and hold the Prog. button for approx. 1 sec then release



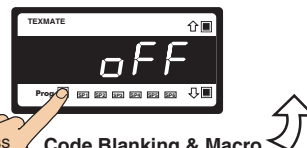
Example

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is [on]



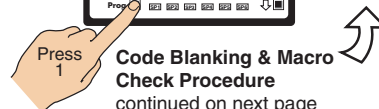
Step 4

Press the button to switch code blanking OFF



Step 5

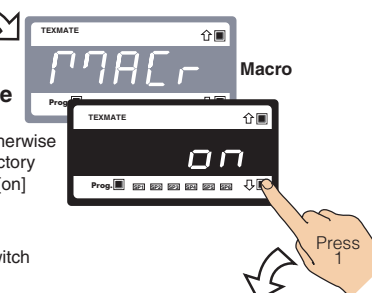
Press the Prog. button.



continued from Step 5

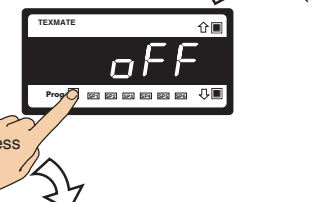
Example

NOTE: Unless otherwise requested, the factory default setting is [on]



Step 6

Press the button to switch the macro OFF



Step 7

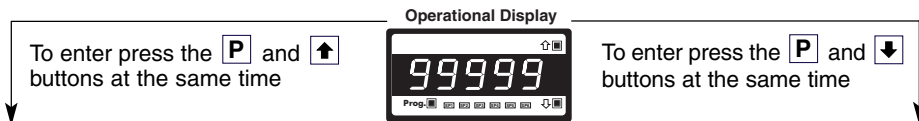
Press the Prog. button. The meter returns to the operational display



Programming Tip

Code Blanking and Macro ON/OFF settings revert to the meter's original configuration settings when the meter is powered off and on.

Tiger 320 Series Code Logic Diagram



Main Programming Mode

- [brl]** **Display Brightness**
Allows you to adjust the display brightness in a range of 8 settings. 0 being dull, 7 being bright.
- [CAL]** **Calibration Modes for Input and Output**
See Page 5 for code settings to calibrate the meter's input and output signals.
- [Cod_1]** **Code 1 – Display Configuration**
See Page 6 for code settings to configure the setpoint annunciators and other display functions.
- [Cod_2]** **Code 2 – CH1 Measurement Task & Sampling Rate**
See Page 7 for code settings to configure the CH1 measurement task and sampling rate.
- [Cod_3]** **Code 3 – CH1 Post Processing & Serial Mode Functions**
See Page 8 for code settings to configure CH1 post processing and serial mode functions.
- [Cod_4]** **Code 4 – CH2 Measurement Task & 32-point Linearization**
See Page 8 for code settings to configure the second channel (CH2) measurement task and 32-point linearization settings when using dual input signal conditioners.
- [Cod_5]** **Code 5 – CH3 Functions**
See Page 8 for code settings to configure the third channel (CH3) when using triple input signal conditioners.
- [Cod_6]** **Code 6 – CH4 Functions**
See Page 9 for code settings to configure the fourth channel (CH4) when using quad input signal conditioners.
- [Cod_7]** **Code 7 – Result Processing**
See Page 9 for code settings to configure the meter for processing the result of CH1 and CH2.
- [Cod_8]** **Code 8 – Data Logging & Print Mode**
See Page 9 for code settings to configure data logging and data printing using the meter.
- [Cod_9]** **Code 9 – Functions for Digital Input Pins**
See Page 9 for code settings to configure the meter for inputs from external sources through the digital input pins.
- [Cod10]** **Code 10 – Bargraph Setup**
See Page 10 for code settings to configure the meter's bargraph display.



Setpoint Programming Mode

Setpoint Activation Values Mode

Enter these menus to set setpoint (SP) activation values

- [SP_1]** **Setpoint 1** Default setting = 18000
- [SP_2]** **Setpoint 2** Default setting = -18000
- [SP_3]** **Setpoint 3** Default setting = 5000
- [SP_4]** **Setpoint 4** Default setting = -5000
- [SP_5]** **Setpoint 5** Default setting = 10000
- [SP_6]** **Setpoint 6** Default setting = -10000

Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode

Enter these menus to configure SP control settings

- [SPC_1]** **Setpoint 1** →
- [SPC_2]** **Setpoint 2** →
- [SPC_3]** **Setpoint 3** →
- [SPC_4]** **Setpoint 4** →
- [SPC_5]** **Setpoint 5** →
- [SPC_6]** **Setpoint 6** →

The *Setpoint and Relay Control Settings* diagram on Pages 8, 9, and 10 shows the three digit configuration settings that are applied individually to each setpoint.



E/T Versions of Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controller

Tiger 320 Series Programmable Meter Controllers (PMCs) come in two versions: the economy E version, or the top-of-the-line T version.

The standard E version comes with 4 kilobits of EEPROM installed, whereas the standard T version comes with 32 kilobits of EEPROM installed. Also, the T version can have a macro installed.

The standard 4-kilobit E version can be upgraded to 32 or 512 kilobits. The standard 32-kilobit T version can be upgraded to 512 kilobits. The amount of EEPROM installed in the controller determines the range of functions it is capable of performing. The following table lists the functions that require specific amounts of memory.

Version	Memory (kilobits)	Functions	Remarks
E	4 (standard)	1 linearization table	Table 1 is available to be applied to channels 1 to 4 and result.
	32	4 linearization tables	Tables 1 to 4 are available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result. Table 3 can be applied to channel 3. Table 4 can be applied to channel 4. All four tables can be cascaded to form a single 125-point linearization table available to be applied to channels 1 and 2 and result.
T	32 (standard)	Data logging	With 512 kilobits installed, the controller can perform data logging functions along with complete linearization functionality. With a real-time clock installed, date and time stamps can be included.
		Macro programming	A macro can be programmed to suit a user's logic control application.
	512	Data logging	As for E version with 512 kilobits installed, but with macro programming functionality available.

CALIBRATION MODE

CALIBRATION MODES FOR INPUT AND OUTPUT	
FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT
0 Functions Activated by Pressing the PROGRAM Button	0 No function 1 On Demand TARE from the PROGRAM button 2 On Demand Single-point Calibration from the PROGRAM button (requires single input source) 3 On Demand Two-point Calibration from the PROGRAM button (requires dual input source) 4 On Demand Primary Input Compensation Mode from the PROGRAM button 5 On Demand Manual Loader Mode (no increase / decrease with HOLD active) 6 - 7 - <i>Note: When in the TARE mode, a decimal point appears at the right of the display indicating that the tare value is NOT zero.</i>
1 Calibration Procedures	0 Manual Calibration (requires NO input source) 1 2-point Calibration (requires dual input source) 2 Calibrate Thermocouple (requires K type thermocouple input source) 3 Calibrate RTD (requires RTD 385 input source) 4 Calibrate Smart Input Module. <i>Note: This function is not available on all input modules</i> 5 Calibrate Analog Output mAV (Single analog out requires multimeter connected to pins 2 and 3 on Terminal 4) 6 - 7 -
2 Related Calibration Functions	0 Serial Communications Properties 1 Set Auto Zero Maintenance for 3rd digit 2 Set Averaging Samples & Averaging Window for 3rd digit 3 Totalizer Settings Mode 4 Setup 32-point Linearization Tables 5 Scale Analog Output LOW/HIGH Display Readings 6 - 7 -
3 -	

Analog Output TERMINAL 4

Dual Analog Output (ADV)	1	2	3
	+	-	+

Converting °F to °C
See User Notes on Page 20 for a procedure.

This is the default 3rd digit box. If not pointing to another 3rd digit box, all 2nd digit settings should be regarded as pointing to here.

Press the PROGRAM button for 4 seconds to tare the selected channel

4 secs SPAN 2500 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set SPAN For detailed calibration procedures, see Calibration Procedures Supplement

4 secs ZERO 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set ZERO P SPAN 2500 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set SPAN

4 secs CH2 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to ADJUST primary input compensation value from -19999 to 99999 on CH2 ONLY

4 secs CH1 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to ADJUST analog output 1 or 2 value from -19999 to 99999 via the manual loader output

OFF 1 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set OFFSET P SCALE 100000 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set SCALE

ZERO 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set ZERO P SPAN 2500 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set SPAN

input 0.00 P ZERO 32F P SPAN 2500F

input 320F For detailed calibration procedures, see Calibration Procedures Supplement (NZZ03)

All smart input modules have individual calibration procedures. See the specific smart input module data sheet for setup procedures

CAL_L 46384 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set CAL_L P CAL_H 30000 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set CAL_h

If Code 3 set to Master Mode [XX2] ONLY P bits 8 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set to 7 or 8 bits Except ASCII Mode which uses message terminators: \$ = minimum 50 ms delay * = minimum 2 ms delay

baud 9600 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set baud rate P parity OFF Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set parity P delay 2 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set time delay in milliseconds P Addr Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set address from 1 to 255

AZ_C OFF \uparrow 1 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set Auto zero capture band AZ_C from 1 to 254 counts Auto zero motion P AZ_M 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set AZ_M from 0 to 255 counts Auto zero aperture window P AZ_A 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set AZ_A from 0 to 65535 counts

Rate-of-change in counts/second P P7An

AU_S OFF Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set averaging samples from 0 to 255 counts P AU_W OFF Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set averaging window from 0 to 65535 counts

input 10000 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set input rate P RfTer 1 hr Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set time period P tot= Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set total from 1-65535

Cutoff 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set Cutoff from -19999 to 32767 P r_Or OFF Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set rollover to ON or OFF

P7ode P7An Select the method of configuring the user defined linearization table: manual or auto setup mode. Then set the table number, date, and serial number before setting the linearization points. Or select [ini] to re-initialize the default table settings. Note: The input channel setting in the 3rd digit is not relevant to the manual setup mode. Note: The correct input signal channel must be selected in the 3rd digit when configuring a linearization table using the auto setup mode.

ZERO 0 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set LOW display reading [CAL_L] P F_SCL 99999 Use \uparrow \downarrow buttons to set HIGH display reading [CAL_h]

Using the Calibration Mode

- Press the \square and \square buttons at the same time. The controller enters the brightness menu [BRI]. Press the \square button again to enter the Calibration Mode.
- With [CAL] [XXX] toggling on the display, set the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd digits to their required settings.
- Press the \square button to enter the selected sub-menu and select the required calibration settings from the sub-menus displayed.
- Press the \square button repeatedly to return to the operational display (bypassing Codes 1 to 9).

OBJECT FOR 2nd DIGIT

THIRD DIGIT	Result
0	Channel 1
1	Channel 2
2	Channel 3
3	Channel 4
4	Channel 4

Note: Once the 3-digit settings have been entered for an on-demand function [CAL] [0XX], pressing the \square button saves the selected on-demand setting and moves to Code 1.

When in the operational display, press the \square button for 4 seconds to activate the selected on-demand function and display the relevant sub-menu settings (except [01X] which has no sub-menu).

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	CH1
2	CH2
3	CH3
4	CH4

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Analog Output 1
2	Analog Output 2

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Total 1
2	Total 2

THIRD DIGIT

0	-
1	Analog Output 1
2	Analog Output 2

CODE 1

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT	
FRONT PANEL ANNUNCIATORS 0 ON when Setpoints are ON (relay energized) 1 ON when Setpoints are OFF (relay de-energized) 2 Always OFF. See Note 1 3 LED SP1 ON indicates RISING signal trend. LED SP2 ON indicates FALLING signal trend.	CODE 1 – DISPLAY CONFIGURATION DISPLAY FUNCTIONS 0 Normal Display Mode (i.e. operational display shows selected register)(updates every 0.5 seconds) 1 Manual Loader Mode (Direct display). See Note* 2 Update at controlled output rate selected in Code 2 3 - 4 - 5 Select data source as per 3rd digit. See Note 4 6 Select display format as per 3rd digit. See Note 4 7 Select text character as per 3rd digit. See Note 4	SELECT DATA SOURCE FOR 0 Primary Display 1 Second Display. See Note 2 2 Third Display. See Note 2 3 Peak/Valley 4 Analog Output 1 5 Analog Output 2 6 Totalizer 1 7 Totalizer 2	Select Data Source [P] Sourc [0FF] ← [1] [2] [10] [11] [12] [20] [200] [239] [AUX_5] [AUX_4] [AUX_3] [AUX_2] [AUX_1] Use the ↑ and ↓ buttons to cycle through the Registers Menu and Registers (1 to 239) to select the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog output. The ↑ button takes you forward, the ↓ button takes you back. Constant pressure on the ↑ button moves thru Registers 1 to 239 one register at a time until you get to ten, then it jumps in multiples of 10, until you reach 100, then it jumps in multiples of 100. Stopping and starting again resumes single steps forward.
	SELECT DISPLAY FORMAT FOR 0 Result 1 Channel 1 2 Channel 2 3 Channel 3 4 Channel 4 5 Default Display 6 Total 1 7 Total 2	SELECT TEXT CHARACTER FOR 0 Result 1 Channel 1 2 Channel 2 3 Channel 3 4 Channel 4 5 Default Display 6 Total 1 7 Total 2	DISPLAY FORMAT MODE [P] d.iSP [000] Program the three digits to the required display function mode

Note*:
 For the Manual Loader Mode (Direct Display) to work, with Code 1 set to [X54] the data source for the analog output (1 or 2) must be set to [diSP].
 Operating range upper and lower limits can be set for the manual loader mode.
 The setpoint activation values for setpoint 5 becomes the upper limit and setpoint 6 becomes the lower limit.
 When either the direct display or on demand manual loader mode is programmed into the meter, the values for setpoint 5 and setpoint 6 are activated as upper and lower limits.

See Analog Output Supplement for further details.

Note 1:
 LED annunciators are always off, except when the meter is in single channel VOLTAGE or CURRENT mode and Code 3 = [X6X], or Code 7 = [X6X] in which case the LEDs indicate which 32-point table has been selected from the rear pins (SP1 = Table 1, SP2 = Table 2, SP3 = Table 3, SP4 = Table 4).

Note 2:
 These options are only for use with meters that have more than one display. With bargraph meters the PRIMARY display is the digital display, and the SECONDARY display is the bargraph display.

Note 3:
 These functions are only available on selected input modules.

Note 4:
 If Code 1's display modes have been entered (second digit set to 5, 6, or 7), the display will cycle between Code 1 and the display functions mode each time the PROGRAM button is pressed. To leave the cycle, the Code 1 digits must be reset to any relevant function between [X00] to [X20]. This takes you into Code 2.

Note 5:
 If only 4 kB memory installed, functions 2 to 6 are not available in:

- Code 3 second digit.
- Code 4 third digit.
- Code 7 second digit.

Note 6:
 These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.

Note 7:
 Only available with selected input modules.

FIRST DIGIT LAST DIGIT ROUNDING	SECOND DIGIT DISPLAY UNITS	THIRD DIGIT DECIMAL POINT PLACEMENT
0 No rounding 1 Rounding by 2's 2 Rounding by 5's 3 Rounding by 10's	0 Decimal 1 24-hour clock mode Hours: Minutes:Seconds (6-digit version only) 2 12-hour clock mode (12:30 am is displayed as 12:30A. 12:30 pm is displayed as 12:30P) 3 24-hour clock mode Days: Hours:Minutes (6-digit version only) 4 - 5 - 6 - 7 Octal	0 No decimal point 1 XX.XX.XX (6 or 8-digit version only) 2 X.XXXXXX (6 or 8-digit version only) 3 X.XXXXX 4 X.XXX 5 X.XX 6 X.X 7 Decimal Point set from the rear (X.XXXXXX to XXXXXX). See Note 3. Also See Note 4

Note:
 Selecting 1, 2, or 3 in the 2nd digit of this mode configures the display of the selected channel as a clock.

Use the ↑ button to cycle through the menu, and the ↓ button to cycle back.

Text [0FF]

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

CODE 2

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 2 – CHANNEL 1 MEASUREMENT TASK AND SAMPLING RATE		
<p>NOISE REJECTION, ANALOG SAMPLING AND OUTPUT RATE</p> <p>0 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second at 60 Hz Control Output Rate: 0.1 seconds See Example</p> <p>1 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second at 50 Hz Control Output Rate: 0.1 seconds See Example</p> <p>2 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second at 60 Hz Control Output Rate: Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate See Example</p> <p>3 Sample Rate: Typically 10 samples/second at 50 Hz Control Output Rate: Counter or 10 millisecs Control Output Rate See Example</p> <p><i>Note:</i> Output Rate refers to setpoint and macro outputs, and input rates from smart input modules.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> All above sample rates are quoted for single channel operation. Where more than one channel is available, sample rates are divided by the number of active channels. See Example below.</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Example: 10 Samples/Second</p> <p>1 Channel = 10 samples/second 2 Channels = 5 samples/second 3 Channels = 3.33 samples/second 4 Channels = 2.5 samples/second</p> </div>	<p>MEASUREMENT TASK</p> <p>0 Voltage, Current</p> <p>1 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC)</p> <p>2 RTD/Resistance 3-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD)</p> <p>3 RTD/Resistance 2- or 4-wire (3rd digit selects type of RTD)</p> <p>4 Frequency</p> <p>5 Period</p> <p>6 Counter</p> <p>7 Smart Input Module</p>	<p>FOR VOLTAGE</p> <p>0 No function 1 Peak detector 2 Pressure with Auto-cal</p> <p>FOR THERMOCOUPLE</p> <p>0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate</p> <p>FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE)</p> <p>0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD</p> <p>FREQUENCY RANGE SELECTION</p> <p>0 99.999 Hz range from 0.010 Hz 1 99.999 Hz range from 2.000 Hz 2 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz 3 999.99 Hz range from 2.00 Hz 4 9999.9 Hz range from 0.1 Hz 5 9999.9 Hz range from 2.0 Hz 6 99 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate) 7 655.35 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate)</p> <p>PERIOD MEASUREMENT SELECTION</p> <p>0 99.999 s 1 9.9999 s 2 999.99 ms 3 99.999 ms</p> <p>COUNTER/RESIDENT TIMER/CLOCK SELECTION</p> <p>0 Counter input with 16-bit Pre-scaler 1 Setting of 16-bit Pre-scaler 2 Debounced Counter with Pre-scaler 3 Up/Down Counter with Pre-scaler 4 0.1 sec Timer with Pre-scaler 5 - 6 External 24-hour clock 7 Internal 24-hour clock</p> <p>SMART INPUT MODULE</p> <p>0 Output Register 1 <i>Note: The register map is different for each smart input module. See specific smart input module data sheet.</i> 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 1 Code Setup. See Note 7.</p>
<p>PRESET <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="1"/></p> <p>Use buttons to set prescale values</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <p>X61 Selects Prescaler</p> <p>1 = 0.1 second 10 = 1 second 600 = 1 minute 3600 = 1 Hour***</p> </div> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">***Note: For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].</p> <p>Press <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="P"/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="577E1"/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="000"/></p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Use the buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See installed Input Module data sheet for code details.</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><i>Note 7: Only available with selected input modules.</i></p>		

CODES 3 to 5

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 3 – CHANNEL 1 FUNCTIONS (POST PROCESSING & SERIAL MODE)		
CHANNEL 1 POST PROCESSING	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CHANNEL 1	SERIAL MODE
0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 1 2 Inverse of Channel 1 3 -	0 No Linearization on CH1 1 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 2. See Note 5 3 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 3. See Note 5 4 32-point Linearization on CH1 using Table 4. See Note 5 5 125-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). See Note 5 6 32-point Linearization on CH1 (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear pins of selected input modules). The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog output mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [XOX]. See Note 5 7 - Note: All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].	0 ASCII Mode 1 Modbus Mode 2 Macro master mode (used to customize print mode protocols via macro) 3 Print Mode 4 Ethernet Mode. See Note 6 5 Devicenet Mode (requires Devicenet hardware module). See Note 6 Note 6: These functions are not available on all models and in some cases require additional hardware.

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 5 – CHANNEL 3 FUNCTIONS		
CH3 POST PROCESSING	MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR THERMOCOUPLE
0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 3 2 Inverse of Channel 3 3 4 kilobits Meters NO Linearization 32 kilobits Meters 32-point Linearization of CH3 using Table 3 Note: All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].	0 No Function 1 Voltage, current 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC) 3 RTD/Resistance (3rd digit selects type of RTD) 4 Real Time Clock & Timer (3rd digit selects type) 5 - 6 - 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register)	FOR THERMOCOUPLE 0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) 0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER 0 HRS:MIN:SEC 1 HRS:MIN 2 - 3 - 4 1 Second Count UP Timer 5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer 6 - 7 - FOR SMART INPUT MODULE 0 Output Register 1 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 2 Code Setup Note: The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.

CODE 4 – CHANNEL 2 MEASUREMENT TASK AND 32-POINT LINEARIZATION																						
MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR VOLTAGE & CURRENT	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR CH2																				
0 Voltage, Current 1 TC (type as per 2nd digit) 2 RTD/Resistance (type as per 2nd digit) 3 Second Digital Input Channel (type as per 2nd digit)	0 Channel 2 Disabled 1 Direct (no post processing) 2 Square Root of Channel 2 3 Inverse of Channel 2 4 Output Register 1 (smart module)* 5 Output Register 2 (smart module)* 6 Output Register 3 (smart module)* 7 Output Register 4 (smart module)* FOR THERMOCOUPLE 0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate FOR RTD TYPE (3-WIRE) 0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD DIGITAL INPUT 0 Frequency - 99.999 Hz range from 0.001 Hz 1 Frequency - 999.99 Hz range from 0.01 Hz 2 Frequency - 99.999 kHz range from 1 Hz (1 s gate) 3 Frequency - 500 kHz range from 10 Hz (0.1 s gate) 4 Period - 9.9999 s (100 μs resolution) 5 Period - 999.99 ms (10 μs resolution) 6 Up/Down Counter with Prescaler 7 Set Prescaler	0 No user defined Linearization on CH2 1 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 2. See Note 5 3 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 3. See Note 5 4 32-point Linearization on CH2 using Table 4. See Note 5 5 125-point Linearization on CH2 (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). See Note 5 6 - 7 - Note: Selecting 040 to 070 in the 2nd digit of Code 4 selects one of the following settings in the installed smart input module's output register map: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>2nd Digit</th> <th>Input module's output register map</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4 selects</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 selects</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6 selects</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7 selects</td> <td>3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> Note: The register map is different for each smart input module. See installed input module data sheet for specific smart register 1 function map. Use <input type="button" value="PRESET"/> buttons to set prescale values <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>X61 Selects Prescaler</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 =</td> <td>0.1 second</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 =</td> <td>1 second</td> </tr> <tr> <td>600 =</td> <td>1 minute</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3600 =</td> <td>1 Hour***</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> ***Note: For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].	2nd Digit	Input module's output register map	4 selects	0	5 selects	1	6 selects	2	7 selects	3	X61 Selects Prescaler		1 =	0.1 second	10 =	1 second	600 =	1 minute	3600 =	1 Hour***
2nd Digit	Input module's output register map																					
4 selects	0																					
5 selects	1																					
6 selects	2																					
7 selects	3																					
X61 Selects Prescaler																						
1 =	0.1 second																					
10 =	1 second																					
600 =	1 minute																					
3600 =	1 Hour***																					

Use buttons to set prescale values

X61 Selects Prescaler	
1 =	0.1 second
10 =	1 second
600 =	1 minute
3600 =	1 Hour***

***Note:
For the 1 hour setting, the scale factor for CH1 must be set to 0.1 in the calibration mode setting [111].

Press

Use the buttons to set the required smart input module code (0 to 377). See installed Input Module data sheet for code details.

CODES 6 to 9

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 6 – CHANNEL 4 FUNCTIONS		
CH4 POST PROCESSING	MEASUREMENT TASK	FOR THERMOCOUPLE
0 Direct Display of Input (no processing) 1 Square Root of Channel 4 2 Inverse of Channel 4 3 4 kilobits Meters NO Linearization 32 kilobits Meters 32-point Linearization of CH4 using Table 4 <i>Note:</i> All linearization tables are set up in the Calibration Mode [24X].	0 No Function 1 Voltage, Current 2 TC (3rd digit selects type of TC). <i>See Note 7</i> 3 RTD/Resistance (3rd digit selects type of RTD). 4 Real Time Clock and Timer (3rd digit selects type) 5 - 6 - 7 Smart Input Module (3rd digit selects register)	0 Type J 1 Type K 2 Type R 3 Type S 4 Type T 5 Type B 6 Type N 7 For sensor tables other than those listed above contact Texmate FOR RTD TYPE (2-, 3-, 4- WIRE) 0 Resistance 1 Pt 385 100 Ω RTD 2 Pt 392 100 Ω RTD 3 Zn 120 Ω RTD 4 Cu 10 Ω RTD FOR REAL-TIME CLOCK & TIMER 0 HRS:MIN:SEC 1 HRS:MIN 2 - 3 - 4 1 Second Count UP Timer 5 1 Second Count DOWN Timer 6 - 7 - FOR SMART INPUT MODULE 0 Output Register 1 1 Output Register 2 2 Output Register 3 3 Output Register 4 4 Output Register 5 5 Output Register 6 6 Output Register 7 7 Smart Input Module Register 3 Code Setup

Note 5:
 If only 4 kilobits of memory is installed, only Table 1 is available for:

- CH1 in Code 3, 2nd digit.
- CH2 in Code 4, 3rd digit.
- CH3 in Code 5, 1st digit.
- CH4 in Code 6, 1st digit.
- RESULT in Code 7, 2nd digit.

Note:
 The function of the output register selected varies according to the input module installed.

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
CODE 8 – DATA LOGGING AND PRINT MODE OPTIONS		
DATA LOG BUFFER TYPE	DATE & TIME STAMP OPTIONS	LOG OR PRINT TRIGGER
0 No Data Logging 1 Cyclic Buffer 2 Linear FIFO Buffer. 3 Reset Buffer Number to 0. <i>Note:</i> Setting Code 8 to [3XX] resets the data log buffer to 0. Once reset, Code 8 must be set back to the required data log buffer setting.	0 Printer Format – No time stamp with print/log 1 Printer Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 2 Printer Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 3 Printer Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] (with <CR><LF>) 4 Spreadsheet Format – No time stamp with print/log 5 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 1 [Mth-Day-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 6 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 2 [Day-Mth-Yr Hrs:Min:Sec] 7 Spreadsheet Format – Time stamp format 3 [Hrs:Min:Sec] ALL ABOVE ARE REAL-TIME CLOCK OPTIONS	0 No trigger 1 Trigger on Demand from PROGRAM Button 2 Trigger on Demand from F1 Button 3 Trigger on Demand from F2 Button 4 Trigger on Demand from HOLD Pin 5 Trigger on Demand from LOCK Pin 6 - 7 - <i>Note:</i> Log and/or Print will only trigger if enabled.

CODE 9 – FUNCTIONS FOR DIGITAL INPUT PINS		
DISPLAY TEST PIN	HOLD PIN	LOCK PIN
0 Display test only 1 Reset Counter Channel 1 and total 2 at Power-up 2 Reset Counters Channel 1, 2, 3, 4, Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up 3 Reset Total 1, and Total 2 at Power-up	0 Display Hold 1 Reset Channel 1 2 Reset Total 1 and Total 2 3 Reset Total 2 4 Reset Peak, Valley 5 Clear Tare 6 Set Tare 7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints	0 Key Lock 1 Reset Channel 1 2 Reset Channel 2 3 Reset Channel 3 4 Reset Channel 4 5 Clear Tare 6 Reset Total 1 7 Unlatch (de-energize) all Setpoints



Programming Tip

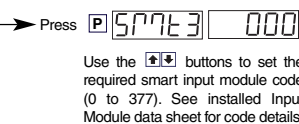
For digital input functions selected in Code 9 to operate, the relevant digital input pin must be connected to the COMMON pin on Terminal 2 of the controller.

The example opposite shows the HOLD pin (pin 1) connected to the COMMON pin (pin 4) with the selected function activated by a switch.

TERMINAL 2 – Function Pins



CODE 7 – RESULT PROCESSING		
RESULT PROCESSING	32-POINT LINEARIZATION FOR RESULT	MATHS FUNCTIONS FOR RESULT
0 Direct Display of Result as per processing performed in 2nd and 3rd digits 1 Square Root of Result 2 Inverse of Result 3 -	0 No Linearization on Result 1 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 1 2 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 2. <i>See Note 5</i> 3 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 3. <i>See Note 5</i> 4 32-point Linearization on Result using Table 4. <i>See Note 5</i> 5 125-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 cascaded). <i>See Note 5</i> 6 32-point Linearization on Result (Tables 1 to 4 selected from the rear of the meter). The selected table is not available if CH2, CH3, or CH4 is operating in the analog mode. CH1 must be set to Voltage, Current in Code 2 [X0X]. <i>See Note 5</i> 7 -	0 Result Register not Updated 1 pH Meter (CH1 = Tbuff, CH2 = pH) 2 Result = CH1, Setpoint 2 = CH2 3 Result = CH1 + CH2 4 Result = CH1 - CH2 5 Result = CH1 x CH2/10 000 6 Result = (CH1 x 20 000)/CH2 7 Result = CH1



CODE 10

Code 10 is only available with bargraph versions of the meter

Note:
Data source for the bargraph is set up in Code 1 [X51].

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
BARGRAPH DISPLAY SETTINGS	CODE 10 - BARGRAPH SETUP	BARGRAPH TYPE
0 No Function	0 Setpoints on Bar	0 Linear
1 Disable Overrange Flashing	1 Peak, Valley on Bar	1 Via linearization Table 1
2 Set up Colors	2 -	2 -
3 Set up Bar Scaling	3 -	3 Log - 10 Bar/Decade
	4 Min/Max with setpoints (low end of bar = VALLEY, high end of bar = PEAK)	4 Log - 20 Bar/Decade
	5 -	5 Log - 25 Bar/Decade
	6 -	6 Log - 33 Bar/Decade
	7 Bar Only (no setpoints on the bar)	7 Log - 50 Bar/Decade

Set Up Bargraph Colors

2XX P Colr1 [off] [red] [orange] [green] [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr2 [red] [orange] [green] [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr3 [orange] [green] [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr4 [green] [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr5 [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr6 [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Colr7 [off] [orange] [green] [off]

Pressing the [up/down] buttons at the same time returns to [off]

The bargraph colors are not applied to specific setpoints. They are applied to whichever setpoint is configured at the lowest setting and then to each next highest setpoint in turn.

If all six setpoints are used the colors are set as follows:

Color 1 Color BELOW lowest setpoint
This is the bargraph color before it reaches a setpoint.

Color 2 Color ABOVE lowest setpoint

Color 3 Color ABOVE next highest setpoint

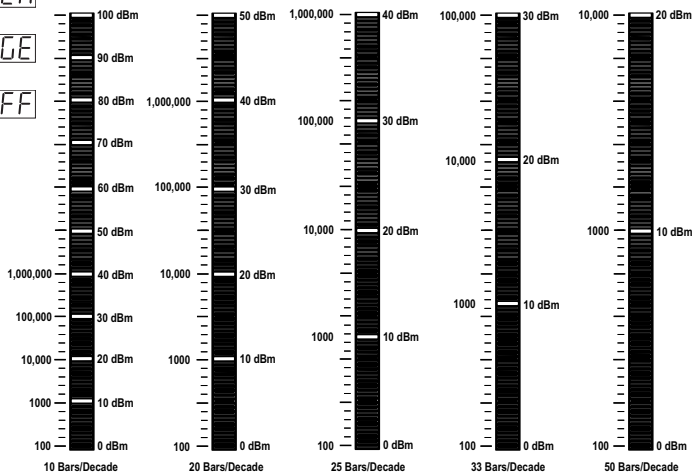
Color 4 Color ABOVE next highest setpoint

Color 5 Color ABOVE next highest setpoint

Color 6 Color ABOVE next highest setpoint

Color 7 Color ABOVE highest setpoint

Example of Bars per Decade



Set Up Scaling for Linear Bargraph

99999 99999 99999

Bar Low [3X0] P Bar_L [0] P Bar_H [0] P Bar_Nom [0]

OR

[3X1] [49999] [49999] [49999]

Bar Nominal

Bar Nominal sets the point on the bargraph at which the bar begins to light up. This can be any position between and including the bar low and bar high settings.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar low** setting, the bargraph behaves like a typical bargraph making the segments light up from the **bottom** of the bar and grow towards the top.

If bar nominal is set to the **bar high** setting, this makes all segments from the displayed signal to the **top** of the bar light up. As the signal increases, the number of lit segments between the signal and the bar high setting becomes steadily less. When the signal reaches the bar high setting no segments are lit.

Setting bar nominal to the midpoint between bar low and bar high makes the bargraph behave like a typical center zero bargraph. This means the bargraph lights up at the center of the bar and moves either up or down the bar depending on the displayed signal.

For example, if the meter's full scale range is 20,000 counts, the midpoint is 10,000 counts. If a signal of 10,000 counts is applied, only one segment at the 10,000 count mark lights up. If a signal of 17,000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 17,000 count mark light up.

If a signal of 5000 counts is applied, the segments between the center segment (10,000 counts) and the 5000 count mark light up.

An added feature of this bargraph is that it can also be non-symmetrical. This means that the bar nominal setting does not need to be set at the mid-point between bar low and bar high. For example, if the bargraph is configured to display -200 to 800 °C, bar low is set to -200 counts and bar high is set to 800 counts. Bar nominal is set to 0 counts. If a signal of -50 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 down to -50. If a signal of 600 °C is applied, the bar lights from 0 up to 600.

Set Up Scaling for Logarithmic Bargraph

99999 [100] REF

Reference [rEF] P Bar Nominal [0]

OR

[3X3] [3X4] [3X5] [3X6] [3X7]

[49999]

Logarithmic Bargraph Scaling

In all logarithmic scales a reference level is required that is the level at 0 dB.

For example, in an RF measurement 0 dBm is at a reference of 1 mW.

The scale is calculated from:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{\text{counts (input)}}{\text{reference}}$$

If the meter is scaled so that:

1 mW = 100 counts and 1 W = 100,000 counts

Then the reference for 0 dBm would be set to 100 counts:

$$10 \log_{10} \frac{(\text{input})}{100} = 0 \text{ dBm}$$

Reference. This is the number of counts displayed for a 0 dB reference.

Bar Nominal. See Bar Nominal description above.

Now every 10 dBm represents a decade, the bargraph can be scaled to a different amount of bars per decade (as set in the 3rd digit).

See Example of Bars per Decade diagram opposite.

Decade (Counts)	dBm
1	-20
10	-10
100	0
1000	10
10,000	20
100,000	30
1,000,000	40

SETPOINT PROGRAMMING MODE – SPC_1 to SPC_6

Setpoint Setup Sequence

Follow These Steps

The following procedures are written for SP1, all other setpoints are configured in a similar manner.

- 1) Press the [P] and [M] buttons at the same time. This enters the setpoint programming mode. The display toggles between [SP_1] and [18000].

This is SP1 of the **Setpoint Activation Values Mode**. Use the [M] and [M] buttons to set SP1 or the [P] button to move to the required setpoint.

- 2) After all required setpoint **activation values** have been set, press the [P] button until [SPC_1] appears. This is the **Setpoint & Relay Control Settings Mode**.

SPC_1 is the **setpoint and relay control settings** programming menu for SP1. Set the three digits according to the codes in the *Setpoint and Relay Control Function Settings* opposite in the following order:

Third Digit – Setpoint Delay Mode

Set to [XX5] and program the hysteresis, deviation, or PID functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Third Digit – Setpoint Timer Mode

Set to [XX6] and program the timer mode functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Third Digit – Setpoint Reset & Trigger Functions

Set to [XX7] and program the reset and trigger functions as required for SP1.

Reset back to [XX0].

Second Digit – Setpoint Activation Source Mode

Set to [X1X] to select the setpoint activation source for SP1 from any channel or selected register shown above. Reset back to [X0X].

If the SP source is from an external digital input, set to one of either [X2X] to [X7X] to select the setpoint activation source from one of six digital inputs (2 to 7). See **Note at 2nd digit*.

First Digit – Relay Energize Mode

Select the relay energize mode for SP1 from 0 to 3.

Third Digit – Relay Latching & Manual Reset Functions

Program the third digit setpoint relay latching and manual reset functions between 0 to 4 as required.

- 3) Press the [P] button to move to move to [SPC_2].

- 4) Repeat Step 2 for all required setpoints.

FIRST DIGIT	SECOND DIGIT	THIRD DIGIT
SETPOINT AND RELAY CONTROL FUNCTION SETTINGS		
Relay Energize Function	SP Activation Source	SP Functions
0 Relay energizes ABOVE setpoint value 1 Relay energizes BELOW setpoint value 2 Relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT 3 Relay energizes BELOW setpoint value with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT <i>See Page 14 for a detailed description of the relay energize options.</i>	0 Activate Setpoint Source from Selected Register 1 Select Source for Setpoint <i>Note:</i> <i>[X1X] is a register selection procedure only. To finish, reset to [X0X] to activate the selection, or reset to 2-7 as required for digital input selection.</i> 2 Digital Input – Capture Pin 3 Digital Input – D1 (selected input modules) 4 Digital Input – D2 (selected input modules) 5 Digital Input – D3 (selected input modules) 6 HOLD Pin 7 LOCK Pin <i>*Note:</i> <i>If the setpoint source is set to [oFF] or a digital input, the setpoint activation value will have no effect and will not be displayed.</i>	0 No Latching 1 Relay Latched 2 Manual Relay Reset 3 Relay Latched and Manual Relay Reset 4 Relay Latched Off 5 Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode (includes SP Tracking) → Go to Page 12 6 Timer Modes: • OFF. • Normal Delay. • Repeat ON. • Pulse ON. • 1-Shot ON. • Repeat OFF. • Pulse OFF. • 1-Shot OFF. → Go to Page 12 <i>Note:</i> <i>In PID Mode, all Timer Modes on SP1 set in [XX6] are not functional.</i> 7 Advanced Functions Mode: • OFF. • Reset Trigger. • Reset Destination. • Reset Mode. • Reset Constant. • Trigger Print from SP. • Trigger Log from SP. → Go to Page 13 <i>Note:</i> <i>[XX5], [XX6], and [XX7] are set up procedures only. To finish, reset to 0-4 as required for setpoint latching and relay reset modes.</i>

Select Source for Setpoint Functions

[P] Sourc [off] ← [1] [2] [10] [11] [12] [20] [100] [200] [239] [AUX_5] [AUX_4] [AUX_3] [AUX_2] [AUX_1]

Use the [M] and [M] buttons to cycle through the Registers Menu and Registers (1 to 239) to select the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog output.

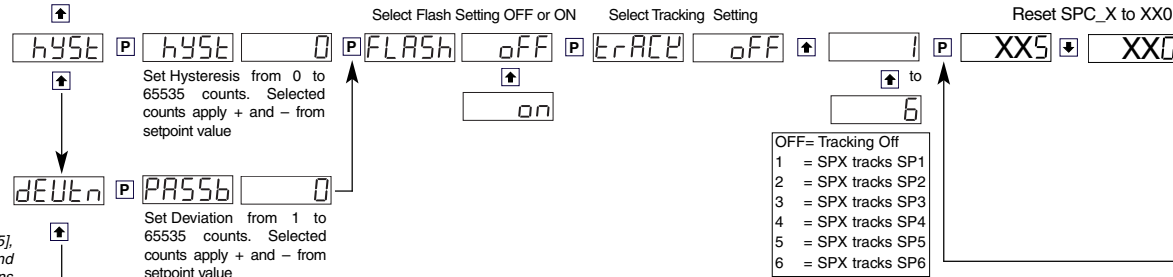
The [M] button takes you forward, the [M] button takes you back.

Constant pressure on the [M] button moves thru Registers 1 to 239 one register at a time until you get to ten, then it jumps in multiples of 10, until you reach 100, then it jumps in multiples of 100.

Stopping and starting again resumes single steps forward.

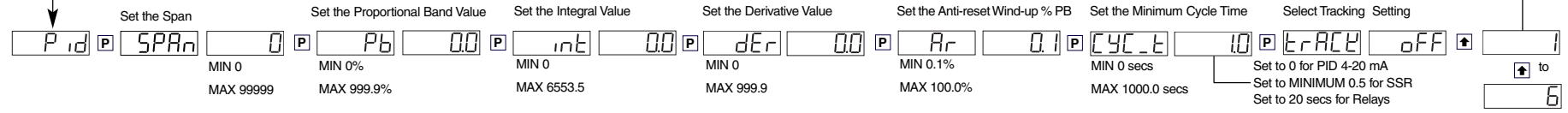
Set Up Hysteresis, Deviation & PID Mode Settings

From Page 11, 3rd digit [XX5]
 [ModE] [oFF]



Programming Tip
 If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:
 [ModE] [oFF]

Note:
 If PID is selected in [XX5], the Timer Delay [XX6] and Reset and Trigger Functions [XX7] revert to [ModE][oFF] and cannot be adjusted.



Note:
 If minimum cycle time is set to 0, the relevant relay is disabled. PID functions still operate

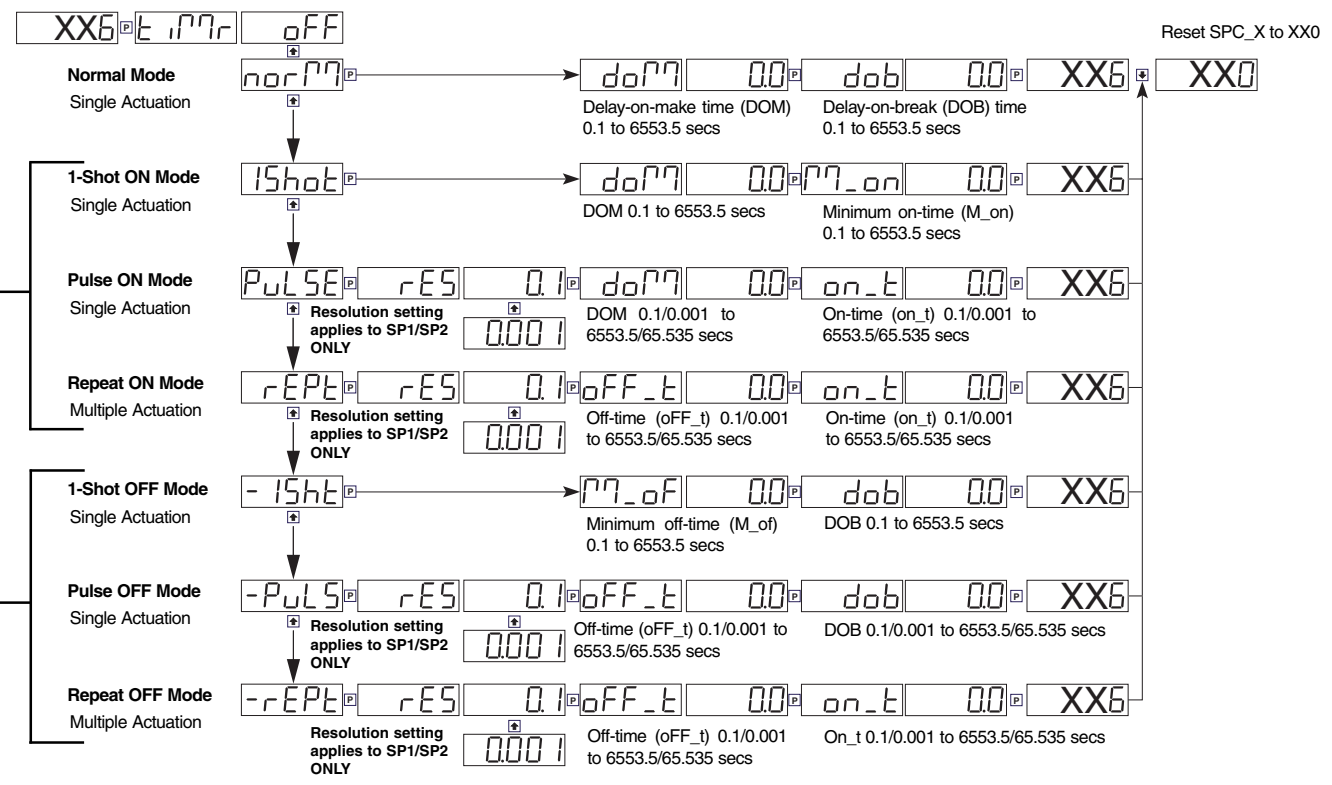


Programming Tip
 If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:
 [ErACE] [oFF]

Normally OFF/Pulsed ON Modes
 These are time control modes where the relay is normally OFF (de-energizes) and pulses ON (energizes) when the setpoint activates.

Normally ON/Pulsed OFF Modes
 These are time control modes where the relay is normally ON (energizes) and pulses OFF (de-energizes) when the setpoint activates.

From Page 11, 3rd digit [XX6]



Advanced Functions Mode – Set Up Register Reset and Setpoint Trigger Functions



Programming Tip

If you do not require any of the functions in this mode, ensure it is set to:

tr 10 off



Programming Tip

This mode can not be accessed if SPC_1 or SPC_2 is in the PID mode.

From Page 11, 3rd digit [XX7]

Reset Destination Mode

The reset destination mode allows you to select a register to be reset using the contents of another register triggered by a setpoint. See diagram below.

Reset Trigger

Select the reset trigger from 1 of 4 relay operating modes.

Reset Destination Register

Select the register to be reset from the commonly used register set 1 to 244.

Reset Mode

- Select [rEG].
- Contents of selected register copied into reset destination register.

Select Reset Trigger

P tr 10 off

[brEAK]

[both]

[LEVEL]

Select Reset Destination Register

P dEst off

[diSP]

[rESL]

[Ch1]

[Ch2]

[Ch3]

[Ch4]

[tot_1]

[tot_2]

[PEAK]

[VALEY]

[tArE]

[1 to 244]

Select Print Triggered by Setpoint

P Print off

on

Select Log Triggered by Setpoint

P Log off

on

Reset SPC to XX0

P XX7 XX0

Selecting any destination register takes you to Mode Reset

Select Reset Mode

P rES_c 0

[i-S+C]

[d+C]

[rEG]

Select [rEG] to access the source parameter to select the number of the Modbus register in the meter to be copied to the reset destination register

Use the up and down buttons to cycle through the menu

Use the up and down buttons to cycle through the menu

Use the up and down buttons to cycle through the menu

Use the up and down buttons to cycle through the menu

Select [rEG] to access the source parameter to select the number of the Modbus register in the meter to be copied to the reset destination register

Use the up and down buttons to cycle through the Registers Menu and Registers (1 to 239) to select the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog output.

The up button takes you forward, the down button takes you back.

Constant pressure on the up button moves thru Registers 1 to 239 one register at a time until you get to ten, then it jumps in multiples of 10, until you reach 100, then it jumps in multiples of 100.

Stopping and starting again resumes single steps forward.

SP1 to SP6

Reset Trigger
Select reset trigger from 1 of 4 relay operating edges

Reset Destination Register
Select register to be reset

Reset Mode
Select [Reg] in reset mode

Copy contents of selected register

Contents of register copied into reset destination register

Detailed Descriptions of Setpoint Functions

1st Digit in Setpoint Programming Mode

Following is a detailed description of the options available on the 1st digit of the setpoint programming mode [SPC] settings listed on Page 11.

FIRST DIGIT	
Relay Energize Function	
0	<p>Energizes ABOVE setpoint value</p> <p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).</p> <p>PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.</p>
1	<p>Energizes BELOW setpoint value</p> <p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts. De-energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energized OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts). De-energized INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts).</p> <p>PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.</p>
2	<p>Energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT</p> <p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes AT OR ABOVE setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes AT OR ABOVE the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with FALLING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p>PID selected – controls ABOVE setpoint value.</p>
3	<p>Energizes BELOW setpoint value with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT</p> <p>HYSTERESIS selected – relay energizes BELOW setpoint value plus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes BELOW setpoint value minus hysteresis counts with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p><i>Note:</i> If hysteresis set with ZERO counts, relay energizes BELOW the setpoint value.</p> <p>DEVIATION selected – relay energizes OUTSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT. De-energizes INSIDE deviation band (setpoint ± deviation counts) with RISING INPUT SIGNAL INITIAL START-UP INHIBIT.</p> <p>PID selected – controls BELOW setpoint value.</p>

Explanation Of Setpoint Trigger and Reset Functions

The setpoint trigger and reset functions are available on all 6 setpoints. The various parameters of these functions are described as follows.

Trigger Type

The trigger parameter gives the option of selecting which edge of the relay operation the reset function, print function, and data logging function should activate on. It can be set to either:

- **Off** – Disables all trigger functions
- **Make** – operates on the make edge only.
- **Break** – operates on the break edge only.
- **Both** – operates on both make and break edges.
- **Level** – operates after every sample period if relay is ON.

Reset Destination

The reset destination parameter defines the target register in the meter that is to be modified in some way when the reset trigger conditions for this relay are met. Any Modbus register number from 1 to 255 can be selected as a reset destination. If the [DEST] parameter is set to [OFF], the reset function is disabled and the Reset Mode and Reset Constant/Source selection are not displayed during setup. The setup sequence jumps straight to the Print parameter.

Reset Mode

The reset mode parameter defines what type of reset effect is required. The following different options are available.

Const – This mode stores a user defined constant into the selected destination register. In most cases this number will be zero but it can be any number.

I-S+C – This mode stores the current input value **I**, defined by the setpoint source, minus the setpoint value **S** plus a user defined constant **C**. It would normally be used with a counting or totalizing application where the amount of setpoint overshoot needs to be retained after the reset function. The constant value would normally be zero but could be used to provide an offset if required.

D+C – This mode adds the user defined constant **C** to the current value in the selected reset destination register **D**. It can be used to increment or decrement a register by any amount.

Reg – This mode copies the contents of a user selectable register into the reset destination register (see Reset Constant to select the source register).

It can be used to capture data on an event and store it in an unused channel for display or analog output, etc.

Reset Constant

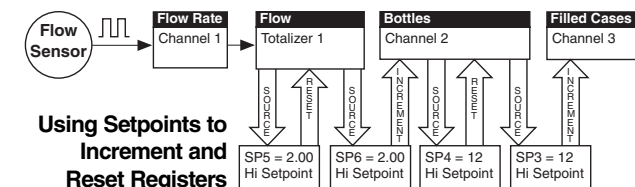
This parameter defines the constant value to be used in the **Const**, **I-S+C**, **D+C** modes as previously explained. Its default value is zero. This parameter is not available if **Reg** is selected as the reset mode.

Source (only available in Reg mode)

If the reset mode is set to **Reg** then the source parameter allows you to select the number of the Modbus register in the meter to be copied to the reset destination register.

Resetting and Incrementing Using Setpoints

Setpoints may be used to reset and/or increment registers. In the example shown opposite, 2 liter soft drink bottles are being filled and packed 12 to a case. Using the setpoint reset and increment feature, the number of bottles and the total number of filled cases is easily calculated and displayed. Totalizer 1 counts from 0 to 2, resets, and repeats. CH2 counts from 0 to 12, resets, and repeats.



Using Setpoints to Increment and Reset Registers

Customer Code Settings – Main Programming Mode

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL]

1st DIGIT 2nd DIGIT 3rd DIGIT **SUB-SETTINGS**

ON DEMAND FUNCTIONS

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	RESULT	<input type="checkbox"/> 010
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 020	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 030	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 040	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 050	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	CH1	<input type="checkbox"/> 011
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 021	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 031	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 041	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 051	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	CH2	<input type="checkbox"/> 012
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 022	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 032	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 042	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 052	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	CH3	<input type="checkbox"/> 013
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 023	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 033	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 043	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 053	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	CH4	<input type="checkbox"/> 014
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 024	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 034	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/> SPAN <input type="checkbox"/> INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 044	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 054	CHANNEL <input type="checkbox"/>

1st DIGIT 2nd DIGIT 3rd DIGIT **SUB-SETTINGS**

CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

Manual Calibration

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 100	OFFSET <input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 101	OFFSET <input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 102	OFFSET <input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 103	OFFSET <input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 104	OFFSET <input type="checkbox"/>	SCALE <input type="checkbox"/>

Two-point Calibration

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 110	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 111	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 112	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 113	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 114	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>

Calibrate Thermocouple

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 121	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	32°F	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	2500°F
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 122	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	32°F	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	2500°F
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 123	ZERO <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	32°F	SPAN <input type="checkbox"/>	INPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	2500°F

Calibrate Analog Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 151	CAL LOW <input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	CAL HIGH <input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT <input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> 152	CAL LOW <input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT <input type="checkbox"/>	CAL HIGH <input type="checkbox"/>	OUTPUT <input type="checkbox"/>

CALIBRATION MODE [CAL] Continued

1st DIGIT 2nd DIGIT 3rd DIGIT **SUB-SETTINGS**

RELATED CALIBRATION FUNCTIONS

Serial Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	200	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	201	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	202	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	203	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	204	BAUD	<input type="checkbox"/>	PARITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	ADDRESS	<input type="checkbox"/>	TIME DELAY	<input type="checkbox"/>

Auto Zero Maintenance

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	210	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	211	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	212	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	213	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	214	AZ CAPTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ MOTION	<input type="checkbox"/>	AZ APERTURE	<input type="checkbox"/>

Averaging Samples & Averaging Window

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	220	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	221	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	222	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	223	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	224	AVERAGE SAMPLES	<input type="checkbox"/>	AVERAGE WINDOW	<input type="checkbox"/>

K Factor & Totalizer Cutoff

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	231	SCALE FACTOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	CUTOFF	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	232	SCALE FACTOR	<input type="checkbox"/>	CUTOFF	<input type="checkbox"/>

32-point Linearization Tables

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	240	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	241	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	242	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	243	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	244	MODE	<input type="checkbox"/>

Scale Analog Output

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	251	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	FULL SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	252	ZERO	<input type="checkbox"/>	FULL SCALE	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 1

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SUB-SETTINGS
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X50 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X51 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X52 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X53 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X54 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X55 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X56 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X57 SOURCE
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X60 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X61 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X62 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X63 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X64 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X65 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X66 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X67 DISPLAY
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X70 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X71 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X72 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X73 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X74 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X75 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X76 CHARACTER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X77 CHARACTER

CODE 2

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CODE 3

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 4

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	PRESCALER
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CODE 5

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CODE 6

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT	SMART INPUT MODULE SETTINGS
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CODE 7

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 8

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 9

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

CODE 10

1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

BARGRAPH COLORS

2XX	COLOR 1	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 3	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 4	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 5	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 6	<input type="checkbox"/>
	COLOR 7	<input type="checkbox"/>

SCALING FOR LINEAR BARGRAPH

3X0	BAR LOW	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR HIGH	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
3X1	BAR LOW	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR HIGH	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>

SCALING FOR LOGIRITHMIC BARGRAPH

3X3	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
3X4	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
3X5	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
3X6	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>
3X7	REFERENCE	<input type="checkbox"/>	BAR NOMINAL	<input type="checkbox"/>

Customer Code Settings – Setpoint Programming Mode

SP ACTIVATION VALUES

SETPOINT	VALUE
SP1	
SP2	
SP3	
SP4	
SP5	
SP6	

SETPOINT & RELAY CONTROL SETTINGS MODE SPC_1 TO SPC_6

SELECT DATA SOURCE			DELAY MODE SETTINGS								
SPC_1	_ 1 _		SPC_1	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	
SPC_2	_ 1 _		SPC_2	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	
SPC_3	_ 1 _		SPC_3	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	
SPC_4	_ 1 _		SPC_4	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	
SPC_5	_ 1 _		SPC_5	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	
SPC_6	_ 1 _		SPC_6	_ 5	HYSTERESIS	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	DEVIATION	ANNUNCIATOR FLASHING	SP TRACKING	

PID CONTROL SETTINGS

SPC_1	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_2	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_3	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_4	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_5	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING
SPC_6	_ 5	SPAN	PB	INT	DER	ARW	MCT	SP TRACKING

TIMER MODE SETTINGS

SPC SETTING	NORMAL	NORMALLY OFF / PULSED ON MODES				NORMALLY ON / PULSED OFF MODES						
		REPEAT ON	PULSE ON	1-SHOT ON	1-SHOT OFF	PULSE OFF	REPEAT OFF					
SPC_1	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T
SPC_2	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T
SPC_3	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T
SPC_4	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T
SPC_5	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T
SPC_6	_ 6	DOM	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	DOM	DOM	M OFF	Resolution	OFF T	Resolution	OFF T
		DOB		ON T		ON T	M ON	DOB		DOB		ON T

REGISTER RESET & TRIGGER FUNCTIONS SETTINGS

SPC_1	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_2	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_3	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_4	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_5	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]
SPC_6	_ 7	[triG]	[dESt]	[ModE]	[rES_C]	[SourC]	[Print]	[LoG]

SETPOINT FINAL SETTINGS

	1st DIGIT	2nd DIGIT	3rd DIGIT
SPC_1			
SPC_2			
SPC_3			
SPC_4			
SPC_5			
SPC_6			

Commonly Used Registers

A Tiger 320 Series controller has 6,144 registers available for use by the meter's operating system and the Tiger Macro Development System (TDS).

See *TDS Macro Tutorial (NZ212)* for further information on developing macros for Tiger 320 Series controllers.

40 Manually Selectable Registers

Using the front panel buttons, there are 40 registers that may be selected for use within the following functions:

- **[CODE_1] - Display Configuration [X50]**. Select a register as the data source for displays, peak and valley, totalizers and analog outputs.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [X1X]**. Select a register as the data source for a setpoint.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Select a destination register that is reset by a setpoint with the contents of a selected source register.
- **Setpoint Control Settings [XX7]**. Select the contents of one register to be copied into another register by a setpoint.

The 40 registers that can be selected as a data source, a reset source, or a reset destination for the above functions are shown in the table opposite.

This table shows, in seven columns, the functions where these registers can be used.

Where a register is more likely to be used in a particular function, a closed circle ● is shown in the column. For those functions where a register is less likely to be used, an open circle ○ is shown.

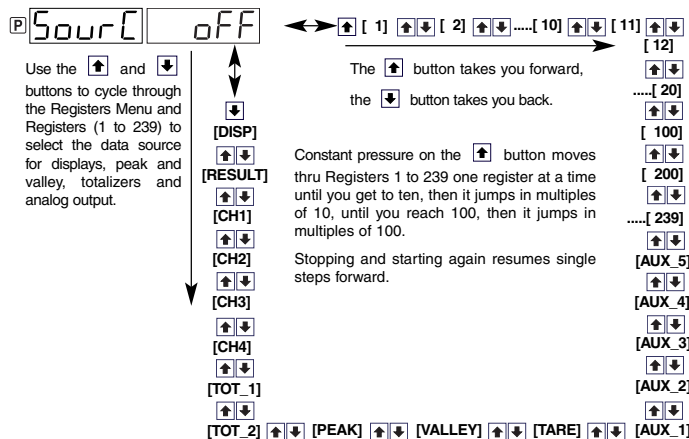
No register number is shown in the table for the first 11 functions as these are identified on the display menu for direct selection by their function names.

Beginning at [OFF] on the display, when selecting a register as the data source, reset, or destination for a function, pressing the button takes you through the numerical register list beginning at register [1] and proceeding to register [239] and then the named registers. Pressing the button takes you in the reverse order starting at register [DISP] and ending at register [1].

To cycle through the numerical register list quickly, keep constant pressure on the button. This increments one register at a time until you reach register [10] then jumps

in increment blocks of 10 until you reach [100]. If you keep pressure on the button you jump from register [100] to [200] and then stop cycling. If the register you require is between [100] and [200] then stop pressing the button at [100]. Resume pressing the button again and the process is repeated, incrementing one register at a time until [10] and then incrementing in multiples of 10 until you reach [200]. Repeat this process for a number between [200] and [239].

Press the and buttons at the same time to take you directly back to [OFF].



Registers that Should Not be Used

The following registers are contained within the selectable Register Set, but they should not be selected because they are either reserved for future use, or for use by the operating system only:

- 15, 38, 47, 48, 52, 53, 61-64, 123-128, 140, 141, 234-244**

Selection of any of these registers may cause a malfunction.



Note: 3-digit programming codes are specified within square brackets [XXX]. If an X appears in the description of a 3-digit programming code or in a configuration procedure, this means that more than one choice can be made, or any number displayed in that digit is not relevant to the function being explained.

Register Functions	Register Numbers	Data Source for Displays	Data Source for Peak & Valley	Data Source for Analog Outputs 1 & 2	Data Source for Totalizers 1 & 2	Data Source for Setpoints	Reset Source	Reset Dest.
Display [diSP]	-		●	●	●	●		
Result [rESL]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH1 [Ch1]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH2 [Ch2]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH3 [Ch3]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CH4 [Ch4]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Total 1 [tot_1]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Total 2 [tot_2]	-	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Peak [PEAK]	-	○				●	○	●
Valley [VALEY]	-	○				●	○	●
Tare [tArE]	-	○	○	○			○	●
PID Output 1	50	○	○	○			○	
PID Output 2	51	○	○	○			○	
Smart Result 1	54	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 2	55	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 3	56	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 4	57	○	○	○				○
Smart Result 5	58							○
Smart Result 6	59							○
Smart Result 7	60							○
Analog Output 1	83	○				○	○	○
Analog Output 2	84	○				○	○	○
Timer 1	95	○				○	○	○
Timer 2	96	○				○	○	○
Smart Reset Offset 1	121							●
Smart Reset Offset 2	122							●
Clock - Seconds	213					○		
Clock - Minutes	214					○		
Clock - Hours	215					○		
Clock - Days	216					○		
Clock - Date	217					○		
Clock - Month	218					○		
Clock - Year	219					○		
Setpoint Latch	221							●
Relay De-energize	222							●
Zero Offset - Result	227					○		
Zero Offset - CH1	228					○		
Zero Offset - CH2	229					○		
Zero Offset - CH3	230					○		
Zero Offset - CH4	231					○		

User Notes

Thermocouple Calibration for CH1

STEP 1 Select K Type Thermocouple for Initial Calibration

Enter Code 2 and select K type thermocouple for initial calibration.

STEP 2 Thermocouple Initial Calibration

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [121] and press the **[P]** button twice to carry out the thermocouple initial calibration procedure.

STEP 3 Select Temperature Units

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [101].
 If you want °F set offset to 0 and scale factor to 1. See *Converting °F to °C procedure opposite.*
 If you want °C set offset to 0.5555 and scale factor to -178.

Note, once the temperature units have been selected, the temperature inputs to the meter must be in the same units.

STEP 4 Select Thermocouple Type

Re-enter Code 2 and select the required thermocouple type, noise rejection setting, and the analog sampling and output rate.
 Select noise rejection, analog sampling & output rate:
 Select thermocouple type:

STEP 5 Fine Tune Calibration over Specific Temperature Range

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [111] and fine tune the thermocouple calibration over the required temperature range.
Note, this is not a mandatory step. Carry out only if required.

Follow Steps 1 to 4 for setting channels 2 and 3, using the following settings:

- CH2:** Code 4 [11X] for K type, CAL [122] to calibrate K type, Code 4 [1X0] to select specific TC, CAL [112] to trim selected TC.
- CH3:** Code 5 [X21] for K type, CAL [123] to calibrate K type, Code 5 [X2X] to select specific TC, CAL [113] to trim selected TC.

For a detailed thermocouple calibration procedure, see *Advanced Calibration & On Demand Mode Supplement (NZ203)*.

CH1 Initial RTD Calibration

STEP 1 Select Type Pt 385 100 Ω RTD

Enter Code 2 and select type Pt 385 100 Ω RTD for initial calibration.
 2 = RTD 3-wire
 3 = RTD 2 or 4-wire

STEP 2 RTD Initial Calibration

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [131] and press the **[P]** button once to carry out the RTD initial calibration procedure.

STEP 3 Select Temperature Units

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [101].
 If you want °F set offset to 0.0 and scale factor to 1.0000. See *Converting °F to °C procedure opposite.*
 If you want °C set offset to 0.5555 and scale factor to -178.

Note, once the temperature units have been selected, the temperature inputs to the meter must be in the same units.

STEP 4 Select RTD Type

Re-enter Code 2 and select the required RTD type, noise rejection setting, and the analog sampling and output rate.
 Select analog sampling & output rate:
 2 = RTD 3-wire, 3 = RTD 2 or 4-wire:
 Select RTD type:

STEP 5 Calibration Trim

Enter the Calibration mode [CAL], set to [111] and fine tune the RTD calibration over the required temperature range.
Note, this is not a mandatory step. Carry out only if required.

Follow Steps 1 to 4 for setting channels 2 and 3, using the following settings:

- CH2:** Code 4 [210] for type 385, CAL [132] to calibrate type 385, Code 4 [2X0] to select specific RTD, CAL [112] to fine tune selected RTD.
- CH3:** Code 5 [X31] for type 385, CAL [133] to calibrate type 385, Code 5 [X3X] to select specific RTD, CAL [113] to fine tune selected RTD.
- CH4:** Code 6 [X31] for type 385, CAL [134] to calibrate type 385, Code 6 [X3X] to select specific RTD, CAL [113] to fine tune selected RTD.

For a detailed RTD calibration procedure, see *Advanced Calibration & On Demand Mode Supplement (NZ203)*.

Converting °F to °C

- 1) Calibrate the meter to suit the temperature sensor input. Use K type thermocouple input for thermocouples. Use RTD 385 for RTDs.
 - 2) To convert °F to °C enter the calibration mode and set [CAL] to [10X].
 - 3) Set the offset [OFFS_R] to [-178] counts on the display.
 - 4) Set the scale factor [SCAL_R] to [0.55555] on the display.
- Ignore the decimal point on OFFSET settings**

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995 Park Center Drive • Vista, CA 92081-8397
 Tel: 1-760-598-9899 • USA 1-800-839-6283 • That's 1-800-TEXMATE
 Fax: 1-760-598-9828 • Email: sales@texmate.com • Web: www.texmate.com

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